THURSDAY, JUNE 25

TCEQ HAPPENINGS: REGULATORY UPDATES AND LEGISLATIVE REVIEW

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Topics

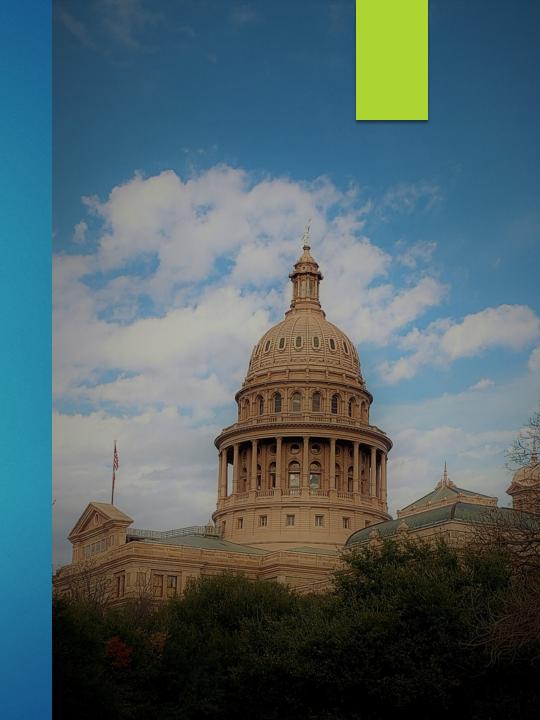
Regulatory Updates

- Legislative Review and Implementation
- PM 2.5 Standard and Impacts on Permitting
- Sample of other priorities
 - Public Participation
 - ▶ Enforcement
 - Staff Retention and Turnover
- Legislative Preview



88th Texas Legislature

- What could have been...and what happened
 - A better budget than expected
 - ► TCEQ "Sunset Bill"
- 200+ TCEQ-related bills filed during the Regular Session



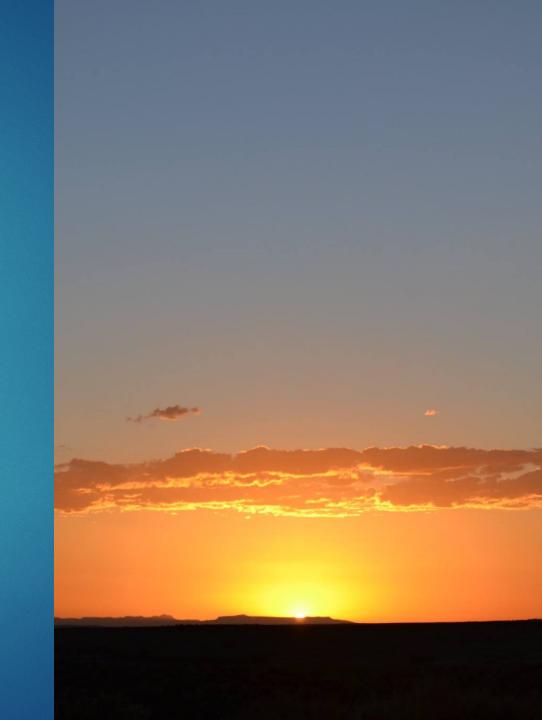
Key Legislation - TCEQ

House Bill 1--The State Budget

- •\$321 billion biennial budget
- Natural Resources budgeted at \$8 billion
- \$700+ million to TCEQ, including \$26.3 million in new money for TCEQ staff retention

TCEQ Sunset Results

- "Management" Changes TCEQ can implement without a law change
- Senate Bill 1397
 TCEQ continued until 2035
 Common themes included providing greater transparency at TCEQ



Major Sunset Provisions

- Higher penalties for egregious violations
- Public participation enhancements
 - Posting of applications online
 - Extension of comment period 36 hours past a public meeting for applications that go to "consolidated notice"
 - TCEQ guidance on "affected person" and public participation
 - Security at Public Meetings
- Small Business and Local Government Diversion Program
- Temporary and Indefinite Permit Annual Report
- Public works standard permit
- Compliance History/Repeat Violator
- Affirmative Defense Guidance and Centralized Committee

Legislative Implementation

TCEQ updating complaint investigation guidance for vexatious complaints

Annual reporting for temporary and indefinite authorizations will start this year, with first reports due December 31, 2024, and annually thereafter

Applies to PBRs as well

Public participation changes anticipated to require rule changes—no timeline yet

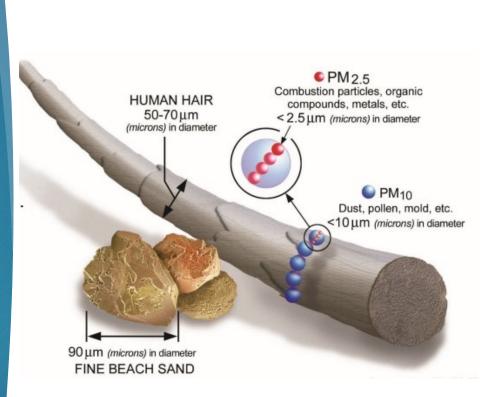
Community outreach has begun, starting with a how-to video on commenting on concrete batch plant permit applications (later pulled down)

Legislative Implementation

- Compliance history and repeat violator changes will also require rulemaking
 - Some recordkeeping violations could become more important if based on potential risk and severity
- Enhanced penalty changes apply to violations occurring on or after September 1, 2023
 - Applies to most serious violations, such as an actual release that harms human health and the environment, was committed before, and could have been reasonably anticipated
 - Written to be relatively rare
 - None so far

EPA Promulgation of New PM 2.5 Standard

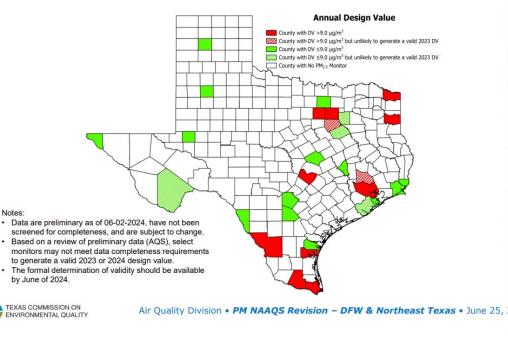
- 9.0 micrograms per cubic meter took effect May 6th
- Monitoring network design criteria to include EJ factor to account for proximity of populations at increased risk
- Map based on monitoring; nonattainment areas could be bigger
- Attainment date December 2032



PM 2.5 Implementation

- Permitting
 - SIL for PM 2.5 lowered from 0.2 micrograms per cubic meter to 0.13
 - Impact on individual and standard permits
 - EPA urging review of certain standard permits
- State Implementation Plan
 - Summer 2024: Informal comment on state designation recommendations
 - Fall/Winter 2024: TCEQ considers state designation recommendations
 - February 2025: Designation recommendations due to EPA
 - Early 2026: Final designations
 - Summer 2027: Nonattainment SIPs due
 - Winter 2032: Attainment dates





Notes

County	Preliminary 2023		
	Annual DV (µg/m ³)		
Harris	12.5		
Cameron	11.0		
Bowie	10.3		
Montgomery	10.0*		
Dallas	9.9		
Kleberg	9.9		
Hidalgo	9.7		
Webb	9.7		
Tarrant	9.6		
Travis	9.6		
Harrison	9.5		
Ellis	9.2**		
Atascosa	9.0		
El Paso	9.0		
Bexar	8.9		
Jefferson	8.8		
Navarro	8.7**		
Nueces	8.4		
Brazoria	8.3**		
Galveston	8.3		
Orange	8.3		
Kaufman	8.1*		
Brazos	8.0		
Maverick	7.9		
Denton	7.7		
Bell	7.4		
Ector	7.3		
Brewster	6.2*		
Potter	6.0		
Lubbock	5.7		
unlikely to generate a valid 2023 DV but may generate a alid 2024 DV *unlikely to generate a valid 2023 or 2024 DV			

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Sample of Other Priorities

- Public participation
 - Sunset changes
 - Title VI Negotiated agreement with EPA
 - Plain language summaries
 - Public Involvement Plans for EJ communities
 - Seeing some changes in how the regulated community is responding
- Enforcement
 - Backlog of enforcement orders—at one point, 500+
 - TCEQ Commission getting regular updates on progress toward reducing
- Staff retention and turnover
 - Budget increases helped
 - Ongoing challenges

89th Legislative Session

- Primary election results and potential changes in the Legislature
- Interim Committee Charges (think homework assignments)
- Timeline
 - ► November 5, 2024—General Election Day
 - November 11, 2024—Pre-filing of legislation begins
 - January 14, 2025—89th Regular Session of the Texas Legislature begins
 - March 14, 2025—Deadline for bill filing
 - June 2, 2025—Regular Session Ends
 - June 22, 2025—Veto period ends



Committee Homework Assignments

- Senate Natural Resources and Economic Development
 - Study cement kiln permitting
 - Overcoming Federal "incompetence," including LNG decision
- Senate Business and Commerce
 - Innovative power generation, such as small modular nuclear reactors
 - Grid and electricity market design
- House Environmental Regulation
 - Implementation of new federal air quality standards
 - Study the Texas Hydrogen Industry

Next Budget Cycle



TCEQ will be working on its budget request for the next fiscal biennium starting September 1, 2025

Staff retention could remain a priority

Resources to respond to new federal standards

Issues We Could See

Eliminate the Affirmative Defense for Emissions Events	Permit Denial on the Basis of Equity and Justice	Ban Use of State Money to Challenge Settled Science and the Federal Government
TCEQ role in land use	Expand Criteria for Affected Persons and Require Contested Case Hearing Rules to be Submitted to EPA for Approval	Expand alternative language requirements

But wait, there's more

TERP	Noise and Light	MSS Regulation	Corporate Termination	Environmental Justice
 Some have suggested using unexpended money for environmental justice 	 One bill would have required TCEQ to regulate for aggregate operations Slippery slope? 	 Past legislation would have required TCEQ to coordinate schedules for staggered shut-downs ahead of a "weather- related" disaster 	 HB 3477 filed in 2021 would have allowed the Secretary of State to terminate corporate privileges for environmental violations 	 Several bills would have created TCEQ offices with a say in permits

Questions and Contact Information

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