Housekeeping

Safety Share

July 25, 2024

- Good Housekeeping onsite and at the office/yard/shop indicates a good safety culture. Poor housekeeping promotes inefficiency and leads to injuries, property loss, and OSHA/MSHA/TCEQ violations and fines.
- Ways to Improve: <u>be organized</u>, have designated places for storage of tools and equipment. Designate walking areas/paths and parking areas. Barricade objects or areas where people or equipment should not go. Keep tools and equip clean. <u>Don't be lazy</u> pick up trash, put lids back on containers securely, pay attention and take note of leaks and spills and see that they are reported to management. If you see a housekeeping problem fix it or report it to someone who can.





Update on EPA NAAQS

TXAPA Sustainability and Permitting Committee

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What are the NAAQS?

- The NAAQS, or National Ambient Air Quality Standards, are limits on ambient air concentrations of six pollutants that cause smog, acid rain and health hazards.
- The six pollutants for which NAAQS have been set includes ozone (O₃), particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5), CO, NOx and Pb.
- Primary NAAQS protect human health with a margin of safety
- Secondary NAAQS protect the environment
- EPA reviews each on a 5 yr basis per CAA



What are the sources of NAAQS pollutants at HMPs?

- HMA plants emit PM10, PM2.5, NOx, VOCs, CO and Pb.
- PM10 sources: baghouse, roads, stockpiles, matl handling
- PM2.5 sources: same as above plus combustion particulate, asphalt vapors
- CO, NOx, VOC sources: baghouse combustion emissions, asphalt vapors
- VOCs and NOx combine to make ozone in the atmosphere
- Pb sources: small amount of lead from combustion thru baghouse stack
- Biggest concern for modeling HMP is PM2.5



What NAAQS recently changed?

- The NAAQS for annual PM2.5 was recently reduced from: 12 μg/m3 to 9 μg/m3
- This is a significant decrease in the allowable concentration of PM2.5 at the property line.
- The EPA and TCEQ operate a series of air quality monitors throughout the US and Texas that measure the concentrations of NAAQS pollutants.
- Many areas of the country and Texas are very close to (or over) the revised NAAQS standard, including the DFW area, Harris County, Travis County and South Texas.



What is the NAAQS impact on permitting HMPs?

- In order to acquire an air permit to build or modify a HMP, it's impact on the ambient air quality must be determined through air dispersion modeling.
- The impact of the new or modified sources on the existing air quality is assessed at the site's property line.
- If the ambient air quality is already close to (or over) the standard, additional emissions are hard or impossible to model and permitting is not feasible.



New NAAQS impact on NSR permitting

 If the site background concentration of PM2.5 is <u>less</u> than 9 μg/m3 : Moderate annual production, nighttime operations allowed, large site=higher production rate.

• If the site background concentration of PM2.5 is **more** than 9 μg/m3 : Low annual production, daytime only operation, large site, additional controls (blue smoke etc.), detailed modeling reqd.



New NAAQS impact on Amendment of NSR

 If the site background concentration of PM2.5 is <u>less</u> than 9: Increased production and new equipment are possible.

If the site background concentration of PM2.5 is more than
9:

Your permit is probably as good as it is going to get. Making additional changes may require reducing the existing production rate and adding additional controls.



Lawsuits?

US Chamber of Commerce v EPA filed on 3/6/2024

- The State of Texas and the TCEQ are listed as Petitioners (along with 24 other states and numerous other groups).
- Harris County is listed as an Intervenor for the EPA (along with 16 states, the Sierra Club and other groups).
- The action basically says that EPA did not use the correct procedures to make the NAAQS revision and that it did not explain why the standard was reduced to 9µg/m3.



Other Sustainability Topics

- EPA announces \$160M in Grants to entities to improve EPDs for construction materials.
 - https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2024-07/2024-epd-grant-summaries-ira-60112-final-7.15.24.pdf
- Supreme Court overturns Chevron ruling this ruling reduces federal agencies say on how they interpret the laws they administer. Courts are now supposed to rely on their own interpretations of law.
- City of Houston petitioned the TCEQ to require them to update their protectiveness reviews for all SP and PBRs within 1 year after any revision of the NAAQS. TCEQ denied the petition.



Questions?

